



THE ROYAL ASTRONOMICAL SOCIETY OF CANADA

OBSERVER'S CALENDAR

2010



JANUARY

Dark Horse

About 1,500 light-years away is Barnard 33, the famous Horsehead Nebula, silhouetted by glowing hydrogen gas in emission nebula IC 434. The bright star, Sigma Orionis, provides the ionizing energy to the pink nebula. At lower left is the Flame Nebula. All three are part of a huge star-forming complex in the constellation Orion.

Photo by Pierre Tremblay

SUNDAY

MONDAY

TUESDAY

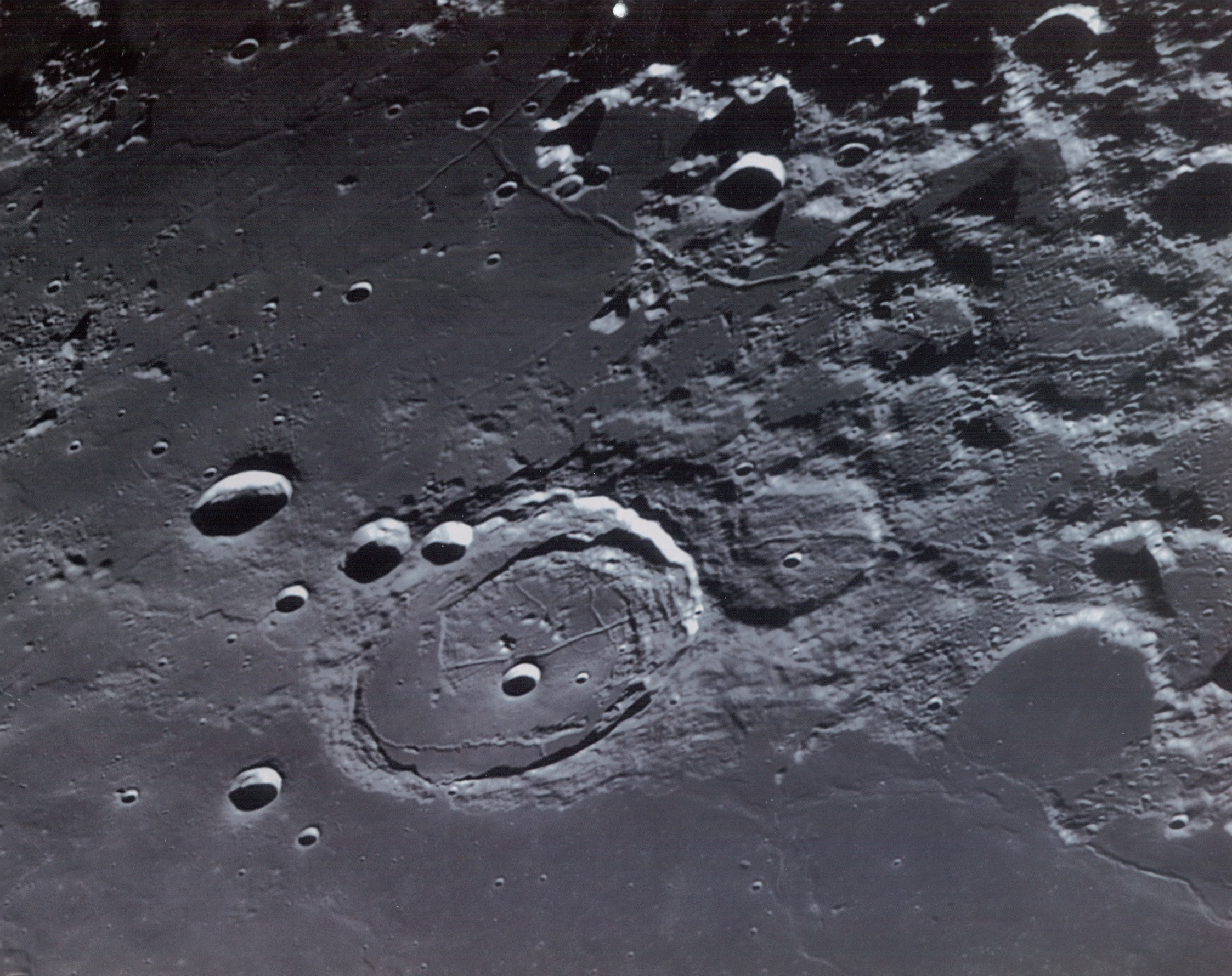
WEDNESDAY

THURSDAY

FRIDAY

SATURDAY

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
<p>The planets this month</p> <p>Mercury: after mid-month very low in SE in morning twilight</p> <p>Venus: not easily observed</p> <p>Mars: rises in ENE in evening twilight transits high in S after 1 am and is low in W in morning twilight</p> <p>Jupiter: in SW at dark sets in WSW after 7 pm</p> <p>Saturn: rises in E before 11 pm sets in E before dawn</p>	<p>Times in the upper half of the daily boxes are in the 24-hour clock; times in the lower half are given in the 12-hour clock.</p> <p>Eastern time is used, except for rise and set events and changes to/from Daylight Saving Time, which are given in local time. Times for events involving planetary satellites refer to the start time. Detailed instructions on adjusting times for location are given in the back pages.</p> <p>Please see back pages for photo details and additional information about this Calendar.</p>	<p>DECEMBER S M T W T F S</p> <p>6 7 8 9 10 11 12</p> <p>13 14 15 16 17 18 19</p> <p>20 21 22 23 24 25 26</p> <p>27 28 29 30 31</p> <p>FEBRUARY S M T W T F S</p> <p>1 2 3 4 5 6</p> <p>7 8 9 10 11 12 13</p> <p>14 15 16 17 18 19 20</p> <p>21 22 23 24 25 26 27</p> <p>28</p>			<p>40°N 50°N Set 8:05 8:41 Rise 18:03 17:29</p> <p>1</p> <p><i>New Year's Day</i></p> <p>Ephemeris time was adopted 50 years ago</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Set 8:46 9:13 Rise 19:21 18:58</p> <p>2</p> <p>Sunrise 7:22 7:58 Sunset 16:46 16:10</p> <p>Earth at perihelion (149,597,900 km)</p>
<p>40°N 50°N Set 9:21 9:38 Rise 20:38 20:25</p> <p>3</p> <p>Quadrantids meteors (ZHR=120) 2 pm to covers very small part of Europa visible in N. America except E 7:51 pm</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Set 9:51 9:58 Rise 21:52 21:49</p> <p>4</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Set 10:18 10:17 Rise 23:03 23:09</p> <p>5</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Set 10:45 10:35</p> <p>6</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Rise 0:12 0:28 Set 11:13 10:54 Last Quarter 5:39</p> <p>7</p> <p>Galileo discovered first 3 moons of Jupiter 400 years ago</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Rise 1:20 1:46 Set 11:43 11:16</p> <p>8</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Rise 2:27 3:01 Set 12:18 11:42</p> <p>9</p> <p>Sunrise 7:22 7:56 Sunset 16:53 16:18</p>
<p>40°N 50°N Rise 3:32 4:13 Set 12:57 12:15</p> <p>10</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Rise 4:33 5:18 Set 13:43 12:57</p> <p>11</p> <p>Moon less than 1° above Antares in morning twilight, occultation NE of line Ottawa-Cape Cod</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Rise 5:28 6:15 Set 14:35 13:48</p> <p>12</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Rise 6:16 7:00 Set 15:31 14:48</p> <p>13</p> <p>Galileo discovers Callisto 400 years ago</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Rise 6:56 7:36 Set 16:31 15:53</p> <p>14</p> <p>Saturn stationary</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Rise 7:31 8:03 Set 17:31 17:01 New Moon 2:11</p> <p>15</p> <p>Annular solar eclipse visible only in E hemisphere Young crescent Moon, 14 hours after new in E, 18 hours after new in W, a tough challenge soon after sunset</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Rise 8:00 8:25 Set 18:32 18:09</p> <p>16</p> <p>Sunrise 7:20 7:52 Sunset 17:00 16:28</p>
<p>40°N 50°N Rise 8:26 8:43 Set 19:31 19:17</p> <p>17</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Rise 8:49 8:59 Set 20:30 20:23</p> <p>18</p> <p>Martin Luther King Jr. Day (USA)</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Rise 9:11 9:14 Set 21:28 21:30</p> <p>19</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Rise 9:34 9:28 Set 22:28 22:37</p> <p>20</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Rise 9:57 9:44 Set 23:29 23:47</p> <p>21</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Rise 10:22 10:02 Set -- --</p> <p>22</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Set 0:33 0:59 Rise 10:52 10:23 First Quarter 5:53 Sunrise 7:16 7:45 Sunset 17:08 16:39</p> <p>23</p> <p>Lunar Straight Wall visible from all of N. America 6 pm</p>
<p>40°N 50°N Set 1:39 2:14 Rise 11:28 10:52</p> <p>24</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Set 2:47 3:29 Rise 12:13 11:30</p> <p>25</p> <p>Moon passes 1° S of Pleiades before dawn, visible in W of N. America 354 Eleonora at opposition (m=9.6)</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Set 3:54 4:40 Rise 13:08 12:22</p> <p>26</p> <p>Charles Messier discovered his first comet 250 years ago</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Set 4:56 5:42 Rise 14:15 13:30</p> <p>27</p> <p>Mercury at greatest elongation W (25°) Mars closest approach (99.33 Mkm)</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Set 5:51 6:31 Rise 15:30 14:52</p> <p>28</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Set 6:36 7:08 Rise 16:50 16:21</p> <p>29</p> <p>Mars at opposition (m=-1.2)</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Set 7:15 7:37 Rise 18:10 17:51 Full Moon 1:18 Sunrise 7:10 7:36 Sunset 17:17 16:51</p> <p>30</p> <p>Closest lunar perigee of 2010 Largest full Moon of 2010 Today's full Moon is the Wolf Moon</p>
<p>40°N 50°N Set 7:48 8:00 Rise 19:27 19:19</p> <p>31</p>						





































MARCH

Stellar Symphony

A grand-design spiral galaxy, M81 is relatively close at 11.6 million light-years, and is visible in binoculars from a dark-sky site. Similar to our own Milky Way, M81 shows old, golden stars in its central bulge, bright-pink emission nebulae, dark dust clouds, and brilliant young, hot, blue stars in its symmetrical spiral arms.

Photo by Debra and Peter Ceravolo

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
<p>The planets this month</p> <p>Mercury: not easily observed until month end, low in W in evening twilight</p> <p>Venus: very low in W after sunset</p> <p>Mars: high in ESE in evening twilight transits high in S near 9 pm and sets in NW before dawn</p> <p>Jupiter: not easily observed until month end when very low in ESE in morning twilight</p> <p>Saturn: rises in E near sunset transits high in S near midnight</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 6:43 6:41 Rise 19:29 19:36</p> <p>1</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 7:12 7:01 Rise 20:44 21:00</p> <p>2</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 7:42 7:22 Rise 21:57 22:23</p> <p>3</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 8:16 7:47 Rise 23:07 23:43</p> <p>4</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 8:53 8:16 Rise -- --</p> <p>5</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Rise 0:14 0:56 Set 9:36 8:53</p> <p>6</p> <p>Sunrise 6:26 6:33 Sunset 17:57 17:50</p>
 <p>40°N 50°N Rise 1:15 2:01 Set 10:25 9:39 Last Quarter 10:42</p> <p>7</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Rise 2:09 2:54 Set 11:19 10:34</p> <p>8</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Rise 2:54 3:37 Set 12:17 11:36</p> <p>9</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Rise 3:33 4:10 Set 13:17 12:42</p> <p>10</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Rise 4:06 4:35 Set 14:17 13:49</p> <p>11</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Rise 4:34 4:56 Set 15:16 14:57</p> <p>12</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Rise 4:59 5:14 Set 16:16 16:04</p> <p>13</p> <p>Sunrise 6:15 6:18 Sunset 18:05 18:02</p>
 <p>40°N 50°N Rise 6:22 6:30 Set 18:15 18:11</p> <p>14</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Rise 6:45 6:45 Set 19:14 19:18 New Moon 17:01</p> <p>15</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Rise 7:08 7:00 Set 20:15 20:27</p> <p>16</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Rise 7:32 7:17 Set 21:17 21:37</p> <p>17</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Rise 7:59 7:36 Set 22:21 22:49</p> <p>18</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Rise 8:31 8:00 Set 23:26 --</p> <p>19</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set -- 0:02 Rise 9:08 8:30</p> <p>20</p> <p>Sunrise 7:04 7:03 Sunset 19:12 19:13</p>
<p>Giovanni Schiaparelli, known for study of Martian "canals", born 175 years ago</p> <p>Daylight Saving Time begins 2 am</p>		<p>Crescent Moon 7° right of Venus in evening twilight</p>		<p>Mars stationary</p>	<p>Simon Newcomb, 1st president of American Astronomical Society born in Nova Scotia 175 years ago</p>	<p>532 Herculina at opposition (m=8.8)</p>
 <p>40°N 50°N Set 0:31 1:13 Rise 9:54 9:10</p> <p>21</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 1:33 2:18 Rise 10:48 10:03</p> <p>22</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 2:29 3:13 Rise 11:51 11:08 First Quarter 7:00</p> <p>23</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 3:19 3:57 Rise 13:02 12:25</p> <p>24</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 4:01 4:32 Rise 14:16 13:47</p> <p>25</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 4:37 4:59 Rise 15:31 15:13</p> <p>26</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 5:09 5:22 Rise 16:47 16:38</p> <p>27</p> <p>Sunrise 6:52 6:48 Sunset 19:19 19:24</p>
<p>Europa covers most of Io visible in Atlantic Canada 5:50 am</p> <p>Europa casts shadow on Io visible in path from Georgian Bay, ON to Miami, FL 7:02 am</p> <p>Saturn at opposition (m=0.7)</p>		<p>Lunar Straight Wall visible from all of N. America 7 pm</p> <p>Mercury rapidly climbs towards Venus this week in evening twilight</p>			<p>Jupiter with only one satellite visible in SW of N. America 9:07 am</p>	<p>Spring Equinox 1:32 pm</p> <p>Crescent Moon 0.5° S of Pleiades during the evening</p>
 <p>40°N 50°N Set 5:39 5:42 Rise 18:02 18:03</p> <p>28</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 6:08 6:02 Rise 19:16 19:28 Full Moon 22:25</p> <p>29</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 6:38 6:23 Rise 20:30 20:52</p> <p>30</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 7:11 6:46 Rise 21:44 22:14</p> <p>31</p>		 <p>40°N 50°N Set 8:04 7:47 Rise 22:58 23:43</p> <p>1</p>	
<p>Two shadows on Jupiter visible with difficulty in E of Atlantic Canada 5:10 am</p>	<p>Today's full Moon is the Worm Moon</p>	<p>First Day of Passover</p> <p>Mercury and Venus this week in evening twilight best planet pair this year</p>			<p>Jupiter with only one satellite visible from S Alaska 11:08 am</p>	<p>Earth Hour (8-9 pm local) www.earthhour.org</p>
					<p>Times in the upper half of the daily boxes are in the 24-hour clock; times in the lower half are given in the 12-hour clock.</p> <p>Eastern time is used, except for rise and set events and changes to/from Daylight Saving Time, which are given in local time. Times for events involving planetary satellites refer to the start time. Detailed instructions on adjusting times for location are given in the back pages.</p> <p>Please see back pages for photo details and additional information about this Calendar.</p>	<p>FEBRUARY S M T W T F S</p> <p>1 2 3 4 5 6</p> <p>7 8 9 10 11 12 13</p> <p>14 15 16 17 18 19 20</p> <p>21 22 23 24 25 26 27</p> <p>28</p> <p>APRIL S M T W T F S</p> <p>1 2 3</p> <p>4 5 6 7 8 9 10</p> <p>11 12 13 14 15 16 17</p> <p>18 19 20 21 22 23 24</p> <p>25 26 27 28 29 30</p>



APRIL

Earth's Greatest Tidal Range

The "Man in the Moon" peers over the horizon at the exposed floor of Nova Scotia's Minas Basin at low tide. The tide that evening had a 14.5-metre vertical range. Over the next 6 hours, 15 billion tonnes of sea water flowed into Minas Basin, and central Nova Scotia tilted slightly under the load.

Photo by Roy Bishop

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY																																																																																											
<p>The planets this month</p> <p>Mercury: low in W in evening twilight best mid-month, not observable at end</p> <p>Venus: low in WNW after sunset</p> <p>Mars: high in S in evening twilight sets in WNW near 3 am</p> <p>Jupiter: rises near 5 am in E very low in ESE in morning twilight</p> <p>Saturn: transits high in S late-evening sets in W in morning twilight</p>	<p>Times in the upper half of the daily boxes are in the 24-hour clock; times in the lower half are given in the 12-hour clock.</p> <p>Eastern time is used, except for rise and set events and changes to/from Daylight Saving Time, which are given in local time.</p> <p>Times for events involving planetary satellites refer to the start time. Detailed instructions on adjusting times for location are given in the back pages.</p> <p>Please see back pages for photo details and additional information about this Calendar.</p>	<p>MARCH</p> <table border="1"> <tr><td>S</td><td>M</td><td>T</td><td>W</td><td>T</td><td>F</td><td>S</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>5</td><td>6</td></tr> <tr><td>7</td><td>8</td><td>9</td><td>10</td><td>11</td><td>12</td><td>13</td></tr> <tr><td>14</td><td>15</td><td>16</td><td>17</td><td>18</td><td>19</td><td>20</td></tr> <tr><td>21</td><td>22</td><td>23</td><td>24</td><td>25</td><td>26</td><td>27</td></tr> <tr><td>28</td><td>29</td><td>30</td><td>31</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> </table> <p>MAY</p> <table border="1"> <tr><td>S</td><td>M</td><td>T</td><td>W</td><td>T</td><td>F</td><td>S</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>5</td><td>6</td><td>7</td><td>8</td></tr> <tr><td>9</td><td>10</td><td>11</td><td>12</td><td>13</td><td>14</td><td>15</td></tr> <tr><td>16</td><td>17</td><td>18</td><td>19</td><td>20</td><td>21</td><td>22</td></tr> <tr><td>23</td><td>24</td><td>25</td><td>26</td><td>27</td><td>28</td><td>29</td></tr> <tr><td>30</td><td>31</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> </table>	S	M	T	W	T	F	S		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31				S	M	T	W	T	F	S							1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31							<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Set 7:47 7:14</p> <p>Rise 22:54 23:33</p> <p>1</p> <p>Spot Sirius unaided before sunset best between Apr. 1-7 polarizing sunglasses may help Mercury 3.1° to right of Venus next few evenings in twilight</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Set 8:29 7:49</p> <p>Rise -- --</p> <p>2</p> <p>Good Friday</p> <p>Zodiacal light readily visible in W after evening twilight for next two weeks</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 0:00 0:44</p> <p>Set 9:17 8:32</p> <p>3</p> <p>Sunrise 6:41 6:32</p> <p>Sunset 19:26 19:35</p> <p>Moon 1.5° N of Antares closest before dawn</p>
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<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 0:58 1:44</p> <p>Set 10:10 9:24</p> <p>4</p> <p>Easter Sunday</p> <p>Europa casts large shadow on Io visible in Atlantic Canada 5:07 am</p> <p>Two shadows on Jupiter visible in centre of N. America 7:27 am</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 1:48 2:32</p> <p>Set 11:07 10:25</p> <p>5</p> <p>Follow Vega unaided into daylight, very challenging but can be done Mercury 3° right of Venus slowly fading next few evenings</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 2:30 3:09</p> <p>Set 12:07 11:30</p> <p>Last Quarter 5:37</p> <p>6</p> <p>Zeta Oph occulted by 824 Anastasia from S California to Edmonton - NNE www.asteroidoccultation.com 6:21 am</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 3:05 3:37</p> <p>Set 13:08 12:38</p> <p>7</p> <p>Mercury at greatest elongation E (19°) best evening view in 2010 Mars 3° NW of Beehive (M44) slowly approaching next 8 nights</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 3:35 4:00</p> <p>Set 14:07 13:45</p> <p>8</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 4:01 4:19</p> <p>Set 15:07 14:52</p> <p>9</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 4:25 4:35</p> <p>Set 16:05 15:59</p> <p>10</p> <p>Sunrise 6:30 6:18</p> <p>Sunset 19:33 19:46</p>																																																																																											
<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 4:48 4:51</p> <p>Set 17:05 17:06</p> <p>11</p> <p>Frank Drake started Search for Extraterrestrial Intelligence 50 years ago</p> <p>9 Metis at opposition (m=9.5)</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 5:11 5:06</p> <p>Set 18:05 18:14</p> <p>12</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 5:35 5:23</p> <p>Set 19:07 19:24</p> <p>13</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 6:02 5:42</p> <p>Set 20:11 20:37</p> <p>New Moon 8:29</p> <p>14</p> <p>Young crescent Moon, 12 hours after new in E, 16 hours after new in W great challenge soon after sunset</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 6:33 6:04</p> <p>Set 21:17 21:50</p> <p>15</p> <p>Cr. Moon 2° to upper right of Mercury in evening twilight, Venus nearby</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 7:09 6:33</p> <p>Set 22:23 23:03</p> <p>16</p> <p>Moon close to Pleiades in evening twilight with Venus and Mercury below Mars 1° N of Beehive (M44)</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 7:52 7:11</p> <p>Set 23:26 --</p> <p>17</p> <p>Sunrise 6:19 6:03</p> <p>Sunset 19:40 19:57</p>																																																																																											
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<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Set 4:07 4:05</p> <p>Rise 16:55 17:02</p> <p>25</p> <p>Hubble Space Telescope deployed 20 years ago</p> <p>Venus 3.5° to left of Pleiades for next 3 evenings</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Set 4:36 4:25</p> <p>Rise 18:08 18:24</p> <p>26</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Set 5:07 4:47</p> <p>Rise 19:20 19:47</p> <p>27</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Set 5:41 5:12</p> <p>Rise 20:32 21:07</p> <p>Full Moon 8:18</p> <p>28</p> <p>Today's full Moon is the Pink Moon</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Set 6:20 5:44</p> <p>Rise 21:41 22:22</p> <p>29</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Set 7:06 6:23</p> <p>Rise 22:43 23:28</p> <p>30</p>																																																																																												

MAY

Dazzling Star Swirl

An abundance of brilliant blue stars and crimson emission nebulae attest to active star formation in M106, a Seyfert galaxy. Such galaxies host an active core that is thought to be powered by a massive central black hole. M106 lies about 21 million light-years away in the northern constellation of Canes Venatici.

Photo by Stefano Cancelli and Kerry-Ann Lecky Hepburn

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY																																																																																				
<p>The planets this month</p> <p>Mercury: very low in ENE in morning twilight, after mid-month</p> <p>Venus: low in WNW in evening twilight sets in NW near 11 pm</p> <p>Mars: high in WSW in evening twilight sets in WNW near 2 am</p> <p>Jupiter: rises before 3 am in E very low in ESE in morning twilight</p> <p>Saturn: high in S at dark sets in W at start of dawn</p>	<p>Times in the upper half of the daily boxes are in the 24-hour clock; times in the lower half are given in the 12-hour clock.</p> <p>Eastern time is used, except for rise and set events and changes to/from Daylight Saving Time, which are given in local time.</p> <p>Times for events involving planetary satellites refer to the start time</p> <p>Detailed instructions on adjusting times for location are given in the back pages.</p> <p>Please see back pages for photo details and additional information about this Calendar.</p>	<p>APRIL</p> <table border="1"> <tr><td>S</td><td>M</td><td>T</td><td>W</td><td>T</td><td>F</td><td>S</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>3</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>5</td><td>6</td><td>7</td><td>8</td><td>9</td><td>10</td></tr> <tr><td>11</td><td>12</td><td>13</td><td>14</td><td>15</td><td>16</td><td>17</td></tr> <tr><td>18</td><td>19</td><td>20</td><td>21</td><td>22</td><td>23</td><td>24</td></tr> <tr><td>25</td><td>26</td><td>27</td><td>28</td><td>29</td><td>30</td><td></td></tr> </table> <p>JUNE</p> <table border="1"> <tr><td>S</td><td>M</td><td>T</td><td>W</td><td>T</td><td>F</td><td>S</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>5</td></tr> <tr><td>6</td><td>7</td><td>8</td><td>9</td><td>10</td><td>11</td><td>12</td></tr> <tr><td>13</td><td>14</td><td>15</td><td>16</td><td>17</td><td>18</td><td>19</td></tr> <tr><td>20</td><td>21</td><td>22</td><td>23</td><td>24</td><td>25</td><td>26</td></tr> <tr><td>27</td><td>28</td><td>29</td><td>30</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr> </table>	S	M	T	W	T	F	S					1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30		S	M	T	W	T	F	S			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30							<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Set 7:58 7:13</p> <p>Rise 23:38 --</p> <p>1</p> <p>Sunrise 6:00 5:36</p> <p>Sunset 19:55 20:19</p>
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<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise -- 0:22</p> <p>Set 8:55 8:11</p> <p>2</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 0:24 1:04</p> <p>Set 9:55 9:16</p> <p>3</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 1:02 1:37</p> <p>Set 10:56 10:23</p> <p>4</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 1:35 2:02</p> <p>Set 11:56 11:31</p> <p>5</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 2:02 2:22</p> <p>Set 12:56 12:39</p> <p>Last Quarter 0:15</p> <p>6</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 2:27 2:40</p> <p>Set 13:55 13:45</p> <p>7</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 2:50 2:56</p> <p>Set 14:53 14:52</p> <p>8</p> <p>Sunrise 5:52 5:25</p> <p>Sunset 20:02 20:29</p>																																																																																				
		<p>2 Pallas at opposition (m=8.7)</p>		<p>Eta Aquarid meteors (ZHR=60) brief observing window before dawn 3 am</p>																																																																																						
<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 3:13 3:11</p> <p>Set 15:53 15:59</p> <p>9</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 3:37 3:27</p> <p>Set 16:54 17:08</p> <p>10</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 4:03 3:45</p> <p>Set 17:57 18:19</p> <p>11</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 4:32 4:07</p> <p>Set 19:03 19:33</p> <p>12</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 5:06 4:33</p> <p>Set 20:10 20:48</p> <p>New Moon 21:04</p> <p>13</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 5:48 5:08</p> <p>Set 21:15 21:59</p> <p>14</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 6:38 5:54</p> <p>Set 22:17 23:02</p> <p>15</p> <p>Sunrise 5:45 5:14</p> <p>Sunset 20:08 20:39</p>																																																																																				
<p>Mother's Day</p> <p>Texas Star Party, Fort Davis, TX www.texasstarparty.org (through May 16)</p>		<p>12 Victoria at opposition (m=9.1)</p>				<p>Crescent Moon below Venus in evening twilight</p>																																																																																				
<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 7:38 6:53</p> <p>Set 23:12 23:53</p> <p>16</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 8:44 8:04</p> <p>Set 23:59 --</p> <p>17</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Set -- 0:34</p> <p>Rise 9:56 9:23</p> <p>18</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Set 0:38 1:05</p> <p>Rise 11:09 10:45</p> <p>19</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Set 1:12 1:30</p> <p>Rise 12:21 12:07</p> <p>First Quarter 19:43</p> <p>20</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Set 1:42 1:51</p> <p>Rise 13:33 13:27</p> <p>21</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Set 2:10 2:10</p> <p>Rise 14:43 14:47</p> <p>22</p> <p>Sunrise 5:39 5:05</p> <p>Sunset 20:15 20:49</p>																																																																																				
<p>Crescent Moon above Venus in evening twilight</p>			<p>Venus 2.3° to lower right of star cl. M35 quickly approaching next 2 evenings</p>		<p>Lunar Straight Wall visible from all of N. America Venus 45' W of star cluster M35 for N Canada in twilight, a challenge 7 pm</p>																																																																																					
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<p>Venus 2.7° to upper left of star cl. M35</p>	<p>Victoria Day (Canada)</p>	<p>Mercury at greatest elongation W (25°)</p>		<p>Today's full Moon is the Flower Moon</p>		<p>RMTC Astronomy Expo, Big Bear, CA www.rmcastronomyexpo.org (through May 31)</p> <p>Moon 1.3° SE of Antares best soon after dark</p> <p>40 Harmonia at opposition (m=9.6)</p>																																																																																				
<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Set 7:41 7:00</p> <p>Rise 22:58 23:35</p> <p>30</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Set 8:42 8:07</p> <p>Rise 23:33 --</p> <p>31</p>					<p>Memorial Day (USA)</p> <p>David Dunlap Observatory opens 75 years ago</p> <p>Saturn stationary</p>																																																																																				



JUNE

Glittering Galactic Fossils

The Great Cluster in Hercules, M13, is one of the grand sights of the sky. Containing hundreds of thousands of stars and lying 25,000 light-years away, its age approaches that of the universe itself. A favourite target for amateur astronomers' telescopes, M13 is readily visible in binoculars from a dark-sky site.

Photo by Stefano Cancelli

SUNDAY

MONDAY

TUESDAY

WEDNESDAY

THURSDAY

FRIDAY

SATURDAY

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
<p>The planets this month</p> <p>Mercury: observed with difficulty early in month in evening twilight</p> <p>Venus: low in WNW in evening twilight sets in WNW near 11 pm</p> <p>Mars: in WSW in evening twilight sets in WNW after midnight</p> <p>Jupiter: rises after 1 am in E low in SE in morning twilight</p> <p>Saturn: in SW in evening twilight sets in W after midnight</p>		<p>40°N 50°N Set 9:44 9:16 Rise -- --</p> <p>1</p> <p>Watch for noctilucent clouds in N sky during twilight this month best N of 50° latitude Mars 3° to right of Regulus approaching next few evenings for N Canada in twilight, a challenge</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Rise 0:03 0:25 Set 10:44 10:24</p> <p>2</p> <p>129 Antigone at opposition (m=9.8)</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Rise 0:29 0:44 Set 11:43 11:31</p> <p>3</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Rise 0:52 1:01 Set 12:42 12:37 Last Quarter 18:13</p> <p>4</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Rise 1:15 1:16 Set 13:40 13:43</p> <p>5</p> <p>Sunrise 5:32 4:53 Sunset 20:25 21:04</p>
<p>40°N 50°N Rise 1:38 1:32 Set 14:40 14:51</p> <p>6</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Rise 2:03 1:49 Set 15:41 16:00</p> <p>7</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Rise 2:30 2:08 Set 16:45 17:13</p> <p>8</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Rise 3:02 2:32 Set 17:52 18:27</p> <p>9</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Rise 3:40 3:03 Set 18:59 19:40</p> <p>10</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Rise 4:27 3:44 Set 20:03 20:48</p> <p>11</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Rise 5:23 4:39 Set 21:02 21:45 New Moon 7:15 Sunrise 5:31 4:51 Sunset 20:29 21:09</p> <p>12</p>
<p>Uranus 26' north of Jupiter first of three in triple conjunction Mars 1° N of Regulus, moving to E of Regulus next few evenings</p>		<p>Mars 1.3° E of Regulus</p>		<p>James Short, builder of Gregorian telescopes born 300 years ago</p>	<p>Old crescent Moon, 28 hours before new in E, 24 hours before new in W visible in morning twilight</p>	
<p>40°N 50°N Rise 6:29 5:47 Set 21:53 22:31</p> <p>13</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Rise 7:41 7:06 Set 22:36 23:06</p> <p>14</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Rise 8:56 8:29 Set 23:13 23:34</p> <p>15</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Rise 10:11 9:53 Set 23:44 23:56</p> <p>16</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Rise 11:24 11:16 Set -- --</p> <p>17</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Set 0:13 0:16 Rise 12:35 12:36</p> <p>18</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Set 0:41 0:36 Rise 13:45 13:56 First Quarter 0:30 Sunrise 5:31 4:50 Sunset 20:32 21:12</p> <p>19</p>
	<p>Crescent Moon below Venus in evening twilight</p>				<p>1 Ceres at opposition (m=7.0) Venus 2.7° to right of Beehive (M44) low in evening twilight</p>	<p>Lunar X near crater Werner best in W of N. America Venus 1° to right of Beehive (M44) low in evening twilight for N Canada, a challenge 3 am</p>
<p>40°N 50°N Set 1:10 0:55 Rise 14:55 15:15</p> <p>20</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Set 1:40 1:17 Rise 16:05 16:33</p> <p>21</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Set 2:14 1:43 Rise 17:13 17:49</p> <p>22</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Set 2:54 2:16 Rise 18:18 19:00</p> <p>23</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Set 3:40 2:57 Rise 19:18 20:02</p> <p>24</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Set 4:32 3:47 Rise 20:10 20:54</p> <p>25</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Set 5:30 4:47 Rise 20:55 21:34 Full Moon 7:30 Sunrise 5:33 4:52 Sunset 20:33 21:13</p> <p>26</p>
<p>Father's Day</p> <p>Venus 45' above the Beehive (M44) low in evening twilight Lunar Straight Wall visible from all of N. America 11 pm</p>	<p>Summer Solstice 7:29 am Venus 1.7° to upper left of Beehive (M44), low in evening twilight</p>	<p>Venus 2.7° to upper left of Beehive (M44), low in evening twilight</p>		<p>Fête nationale du Québec</p>	<p>Pluto at opposition (m=13.9)</p>	<p>Partial lunar eclipse near dawn, except penumbral only from E of line Winnipeg-Georgia Today's full Moon is the Honey Moon</p>
<p>40°N 50°N Set 6:30 5:53 Rise 21:32 22:05</p> <p>27</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Set 7:32 7:01 Rise 22:03 22:29</p> <p>28</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Set 8:33 8:10 Rise 22:31 22:49</p> <p>29</p>	<p>40°N 50°N Set 9:33 9:17 Rise 22:55 23:06</p> <p>30</p>			
<p>15 Eunomia at opposition (m=9.0)</p>	<p>63 Ausonia at opposition (m=9.7)</p>				<p>Times in the upper half of the daily boxes are in the 24-hour clock; times in the lower half are given in the 12-hour clock.</p> <p>Eastern time is used, except for rise and set events and changes to/from Daylight Saving Time, which are given in local time. Times for events involving planetary satellites refer to the start time. Detailed instructions on adjusting times for location are given in the back pages.</p> <p>Please see back pages for photo details and additional information about this Calendar.</p>	<p>MAY S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31</p> <p>JULY S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31</p>




































AUGUST

Graceful Sweep of Gas

The western portion of the Veil Nebula, NGC 6960, is part of a supernova remnant in the constellation Cygnus. Also called the Witch's Broom Nebula, it drifts across the bright star S2 Cygni. These red and blue gas streamers are expanding outward from a cataclysmic stellar blast that occurred some 5,000 to 10,000 years ago.

Photo by Paul Mortfield and Stefano Cancelli

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY																																																																																					
 <p>40°N 50°N Set 12:17 12:38 Rise 22:59 22:36</p> <p>1</p> <p><i>Begin watching for early Perseids Mars 1.9° to lower left of Saturn low in evening twilight</i></p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 13:19 13:48 Rise 23:31 23:00</p> <p>2</p> <p><i>Civic Holiday (Canada) Mars 2.3° to lower left of Saturn low in evening twilight</i></p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 14:23 14:59 Rise -- 23:31 Last Quarter 0:59</p> <p>3</p> <p><i>Mars 2.6° to left of Saturn Venus 5° to lower right low in evening twilight</i></p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Rise 0:08 -- Set 15:27 16:08</p> <p>4</p> <p><i>Venus, Mars and Saturn in 6° circle low in evening twilight</i></p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Rise 0:54 0:11 Set 16:29 17:13</p> <p>5</p> <p><i>Stellafane Convention, Springfield, VT www.stellafane.org (through Aug. 8) 80th birthday of Neil Armstrong, first person to step on the Moon Venus, Mars and Saturn in 5.5° circle low in evening twilight</i></p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Rise 1:49 1:05 Set 17:27 18:10</p> <p>6</p> <p><i>Manitoulin Star Party, ON www.gordonspark.com (through Aug 9) Mt. Carleton Star Party, Mt. Carleton Provincial Park and Dark Sky Preserve, NB www.nb.rasc.ca (through Aug. 8) Mercury at greatest elongation E (27°) Venus, Mars and Saturn in 5° circle low in evening twilight</i></p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Rise 2:54 2:12 Set 18:18 18:55</p> <p>7</p> <p><i>Sunrise 6:04 5:38 Sunset 20:07 20:33</i></p> <p><i>Venus, Mars and Saturn in 5° circle low in evening twilight</i></p>																																																																																					
 <p>40°N 50°N Rise 4:07 3:32 Set 19:02 19:31</p> <p>8</p> <p><i>Venus, Mars and Saturn in 4.8° circle low in evening twilight</i></p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Rise 5:24 4:58 Set 19:39 20:00 New Moon 23:08</p> <p>9</p> <p><i>Old crescent Moon, 19 hours before new in E, 15 hours before new in W tough challenge just before sunrise Venus, Mars and Saturn in 5.4° circle low in evening twilight</i></p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Rise 6:42 6:26 Set 20:13 20:23</p> <p>10</p> <p><i>Venus, Mars and Saturn in 6° circle low in evening twilight</i></p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Rise 7:59 7:53 Set 20:43 20:45</p> <p>11</p> <p><i>First day of Ramadan Mount Kobau Star Party, Osoyoos, BC www.mksp.ca (through Aug. 15) Crescent Moon and Mercury 7° below planet grouping of Aug. 10, very low Perseid meteors (pre-peak) overnight</i></p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Rise 9:15 9:19 Set 21:13 21:06</p> <p>12</p> <p><i>Starfest, Mount Forest, ON www.nyaa.ca (through Aug. 15) Saskatchewan Summer Star Party http://homepage.usask.ca/~ges125/rasc/ starparty.html (through Aug. 15) Echo I, first passive communications satellite launched 50 years ago Perseids post-peak (ZHR=90) 11 pm</i></p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Rise 10:30 10:43 Set 21:44 21:27</p> <p>13</p> <p><i>Sunshine Coast 6th Annual Star Party Porpoise Provincial Park, BC www.coastastronomy.ca (through Aug 15) Two shadows on Jupiter visible in N. America except E best in W 6:11 am</i></p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Rise 11:43 12:06 Set 22:17 21:52</p> <p>14</p> <p><i>Sunrise 6:11 5:48 Sunset 19:58 20:20</i></p> <p><i>Mars 2.4° to upper left of Venus low in evening twilight</i></p>																																																																																					
 <p>40°N 50°N Rise 12:54 13:26 Set 22:54 22:20</p> <p>15</p> <p><i>Mars 2.2° above Venus low in evening twilight</i></p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Rise 14:03 14:41 Set 23:36 22:56 First Quarter 14:14</p> <p>16</p> <p><i>Mars 2° above Venus, sliding to the right in the next few days low in evening twilight Lunar X near crater Werner best in W of N. America 11 pm</i></p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Rise 15:06 15:49 Set -- 23:40</p> <p>17</p> <p><i>Lunar Straight Wall visible from all of N. America 7 pm Moon 2° to upper left of Antares best soon after dark</i></p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 0:24 -- Rise 16:02 16:47</p> <p>18</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 1:18 0:34 Rise 16:51 17:33</p> <p>19</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 2:16 1:35 Rise 17:33 18:10</p> <p>20</p> <p><i>Venus at greatest elongation E (46°) Neptune at opposition (m=7.8) Two shadows on Jupiter visible in W of N. America 8:05 am</i></p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 3:16 2:40 Rise 18:07 18:38</p> <p>21</p> <p><i>Sunrise 6:17 5:59 Sunset 19:48 20:07</i></p>																																																																																					
 <p>40°N 50°N Set 4:16 3:48 Rise 18:37 19:01</p> <p>22</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 5:17 4:56 Rise 19:04 19:20</p> <p>23</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 6:16 6:03 Rise 19:28 19:37 Full Moon 13:05</p> <p>24</p> <p><i>Smallest full Moon of 2010 Today's full Moon is the Sturgeon Moon</i></p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 7:14 7:09 Rise 19:51 19:52</p> <p>25</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 8:12 8:14 Rise 20:14 20:08</p> <p>26</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 9:10 9:20 Rise 20:37 20:24</p> <p>27</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 10:10 10:27 Rise 21:03 20:43</p> <p>28</p> <p><i>Sunrise 6:24 6:09 Sunset 19:38 19:52</i></p> <p><i>Venus 2.8° W of Spica low in evening twilight</i></p>																																																																																					
 <p>40°N 50°N Set 11:10 11:36 Rise 21:33 21:05</p> <p>29</p> <p><i>Venus 2° W of Spica low in evening twilight</i></p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 12:12 12:45 Rise 22:07 21:32</p> <p>30</p> <p><i>Venus 1.3° to lower right of Spica low in evening twilight</i></p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 13:15 13:54 Rise 22:48 22:08</p> <p>31</p> <p><i>Venus 1° below Spica Mars 4° to the right low in evening twilight Moon moving away from Pleiades closest at moonrise in late evening</i></p>	<p>The planets this month</p> <p><i>Mercury: very low in W in evening twilight becoming difficult after mid-month</i></p> <p><i>Venus: very low in W in evening twilight sets in W after 9 pm</i></p> <p><i>Mars: very low in WSW in evening twilight sets in W near 10 pm</i></p> <p><i>Jupiter: rises after 9 pm in E in S near 3 am</i></p> <p><i>Saturn: very low in W in evening twilight sets shortly after</i></p>			<p><i>Times in the upper half of the daily boxes are in the 24-hour clock; times in the lower half are given in the 12-hour clock.</i></p> <p><i>Eastern time is used, except for rise and set events and changes to/from Daylight Saving Time, which are given in local time. Times for events involving planetary satellites refer to the start time. Detailed instructions on adjusting times for location are given in the back pages.</i></p> <p><i>Please see back pages for photo details and additional information about this Calendar.</i></p>	<p>JULY</p> <table border="1"> <tr><td>S</td><td>M</td><td>T</td><td>W</td><td>T</td><td>F</td><td>S</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>3</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>5</td><td>6</td><td>7</td><td>8</td><td>9</td><td>10</td></tr> <tr><td>11</td><td>12</td><td>13</td><td>14</td><td>15</td><td>16</td><td>17</td></tr> <tr><td>18</td><td>19</td><td>20</td><td>21</td><td>22</td><td>23</td><td>24</td></tr> <tr><td>25</td><td>26</td><td>27</td><td>28</td><td>29</td><td>30</td><td>31</td></tr> </table> <p>SEPTEMBER</p> <table border="1"> <tr><td>S</td><td>M</td><td>T</td><td>W</td><td>T</td><td>F</td><td>S</td></tr> <tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>3</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>5</td><td>6</td><td>7</td><td>8</td><td>9</td><td>10</td></tr> <tr><td>12</td><td>13</td><td>14</td><td>15</td><td>16</td><td>17</td><td>18</td></tr> <tr><td>19</td><td>20</td><td>21</td><td>22</td><td>23</td><td>24</td><td>25</td></tr> <tr><td>26</td><td>27</td><td>28</td><td>29</td><td>30</td><td></td><td></td></tr> </table>	S	M	T	W	T	F	S					1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	S	M	T	W	T	F	S					1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30		
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


SEPTEMBER

Cosmic Continent

Rich star fields in Cygnus frame the famous emission nebula named for its resemblance to a continent. To the right of the North America Nebula, and separated by a dark dust cloud, is the less brilliant but equally famous Pelican Nebula. The gas complex is about 1,500 light-years away, and is visible in binoculars from a dark location.

Photo by Leslie Marczi

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
<p>The planets this month</p> <p><i>Mercury: very low in E in morning twilight best mid-month</i></p> <p><i>Venus: very low in WSW after sunset early in month</i></p> <p><i>Mars: very low in WSW after sunset sets in W after 8 pm</i></p> <p><i>Jupiter: rises after 7 pm in E transits in S near 1 am sets in W near sunrise</i></p> <p><i>Saturn: very low in W after sunset early in month, not easily observed afterwards</i></p>	<p><i>Times in the upper half of the daily boxes are in the 24-hour clock; times in the lower half are given in the 12-hour clock.</i></p> <p><i>Eastern time is used, except for rise and set events and changes to/from Daylight Saving Time, which are given in local time. Times for events involving planetary satellites refer to the start time. Detailed instructions on adjusting times for location are given in the back pages.</i></p> <p><i>Please see back pages for photo details and additional information about this Calendar.</i></p>	<p>AUGUST S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31</p> <p>OCTOBER S M T W T F S 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 14:16 14:59 Rise 23:38 22:54 Last Quarter 13:22</p> <p>1</p> <p><i>Venus 1.3° to lower left of Spica Mars 4.5° to the right low in evening twilight</i></p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 15:14 15:57 Rise -- 23:54</p> <p>2</p> <p><i>Venus 2° to left of Spica Mars 4.7° to the right low in evening twilight</i></p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Rise 0:37 -- Set 16:06 16:46</p> <p>3</p> <p><i>Venus 2.7° to left of Spica Mars 4.9° to the right low in evening twilight</i></p> <p><i>Nova East, Smileys Provincial Park, NS halifax.rasc.ca/ne (through Sep. 5)</i></p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Rise 1:44 1:05 Set 16:52 17:26</p> <p>4</p> <p><i>Mars 2.1° to upper right of Spica very low in evening twilight</i></p> <p><i>Sunrise 6:31 6:19 Sunset 19:27 19:37</i></p>
 <p>40°N 50°N Rise 2:57 2:26 Set 17:32 17:57</p> <p>5</p> <p><i>Mars 2° above Spica, very low in evening twilight, and fading</i></p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Rise 4:13 3:52 Set 18:07 18:23</p> <p>6</p> <p><i>Labour Day</i></p> <p><i>Zodiacal light readily visible in E before morning twilight for next two weeks</i></p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Rise 5:31 5:19 Set 18:39 18:46</p> <p>7</p> <p><i>Northern Prairie Starfest, near Tofield, AB edmontonrasc.com/nps.html (through Sep. 11)</i></p> <p><i>Old crescent Moon, 25 hours before new in E, 21 hours before new in W a challenge just before sunrise Saturn crosses ecliptic (N to S)</i></p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Rise 6:48 6:46 Set 19:10 19:07 New Moon 6:30</p> <p>8</p> <p><i>Rosh Hashanah Begins</i></p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Rise 8:04 8:13 Set 19:41 19:29</p> <p>9</p> <p><i>Annual Algonquin Adventure Algonquin Park, ON www.toronto.rasc.ca (through Sep. 13)</i></p> <p><i>Alberta Star Party, Starland, AB calgary.rasc.ca (through Sep. 12)</i></p> <p><i>Grouping of Venus, Mars, Spica and the Moon, visible from S of N. America</i></p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Rise 9:20 9:38 Set 20:14 19:53</p> <p>10</p> <p><i>International Cometary Explorer was first spacecraft to encounter a comet, 25 years ago</i></p> <p><i>8 Flora at opposition (m=8.2) Spica, Mars, Venus and the Moon in crooked line, very low in ev. twilight</i></p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Rise 10:35 11:03 Set 20:51 20:21</p> <p>11</p> <p><i>Sunrise 6:37 6:30 Sunset 19:15 19:22</i></p>
 <p>40°N 50°N Rise 11:47 12:23 Set 21:32 20:55</p> <p>12</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Rise 12:55 13:36 Set 22:20 21:37</p> <p>13</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Rise 13:55 14:39 Set 23:12 22:28</p> <p>14</p> <p><i>39 Laetitia at opposition (m=9.1)</i></p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Rise 14:47 15:30 Set -- 23:28 First Quarter 1:50</p> <p>15</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 0:10 -- Rise 15:32 16:10</p> <p>16</p> <p><i>Lunar Straight Wall visible from all of N. America 7 pm</i></p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 1:09 0:32 Rise 16:09 16:41</p> <p>17</p> <p><i>Follow Capella unaided into daylight best for a few mornings near the 17th</i></p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 2:10 1:40 Rise 16:40 17:06</p> <p>18</p> <p><i>Yom Kippur</i></p> <p><i>Uranus 49' north of Jupiter second of three in triple conjunction third is 2011 Jan 04</i></p> <p><i>Sunrise 6:44 6:40 Sunset 19:04 19:07</i></p>
 <p>40°N 50°N Set 3:10 2:47 Rise 17:08 17:26</p> <p>19</p> <p><i>Mercury at greatest elongation W (18°) best morning view in 2010</i></p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 4:09 3:54 Rise 17:32 17:44</p> <p>20</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 5:08 5:00 Rise 17:56 18:00</p> <p>21</p> <p><i>Jupiter at opposition (m=-2.9) Uranus at opposition (m=5.7) 6 Hebe at opposition (m=7.7)</i></p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 6:06 6:05 Rise 18:19 18:16</p> <p>22</p> <p><i>Fall Equinox 11:09 pm</i></p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 7:04 7:11 Rise 18:43 18:32 Full Moon 5:17</p> <p>23</p> <p><i>Today's full Moon is the Harvest Moon Venus at greatest illuminated extent (m=-4.5)</i></p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 8:03 8:18 Rise 19:08 18:50</p> <p>24</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 9:03 9:26 Rise 19:36 19:11</p> <p>25</p> <p><i>Sunrise 6:50 6:51 Sunset 18:52 18:51</i></p>
 <p>40°N 50°N Set 10:05 10:35 Rise 20:09 19:37</p> <p>26</p> <p><i>471 Papagena at opposition (m=9.7)</i></p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 11:07 11:44 Rise 20:48 20:10</p> <p>27</p> <p><i>Moon 2° S of Pleiades closest at moonrise in late evening</i></p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 12:08 12:50 Rise 21:34 20:52</p> <p>28</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 13:06 13:49 Rise 22:29 21:46</p> <p>29</p>	 <p>40°N 50°N Set 13:59 14:40 Rise 23:31 22:51 Last Quarter 23:52</p> <p>30</p>		



OCTOBER

Swimming in Stars

Floating serenely in a sea of stars, the Swan Nebula, also called M17, the Omega Nebula, or the Horseshoe Nebula, is a stellar nursery in the southern Milky Way. Hot, energetic new stars born of, and hidden within the nebula, irradiate its gas with intense ultraviolet light. The excited gas glows red, shining away excess energy, and producing a stunning target for even small telescopes.

Photo by Stuart Heggie

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
<p>The planets this month</p> <p>Mercury: very low in E in morning twilight first days of month, not observable after</p> <p>Venus: not easily observed</p> <p>Mars: very low in WSW after sunset</p> <p>Jupiter: in SE after dark transits in S near 11 pm sets in W near 5 am</p> <p>Saturn: very low in ESE in morning twilight late in month</p>	<p>Times in the upper half of the daily boxes are in the 24-hour clock; times in the lower half are given in the 12-hour clock.</p> <p>Eastern time is used, except for rise and set events and changes to/from Daylight Saving Time, which are given in local time.</p> <p>Times for events involving planetary satellites refer to the start time</p> <p>Detailed instructions on adjusting times for location are given in the back pages.</p> <p>Please see back pages for photo details and additional information about this Calendar.</p>	<p>SEPTEMBER S M T W T F S</p> <p>5 6 7 8 9 10 11</p> <p>12 13 14 15 16 17 18</p> <p>19 20 21 22 23 24 25</p> <p>26 27 28 29 30</p> <p>NOVEMBER S M T W T F S</p> <p>1 2 3 4 5 6</p> <p>7 8 9 10 11 12 13</p> <p>14 15 16 17 18 19 20</p> <p>21 22 23 24 25 26 27</p> <p>28 29 30</p>			<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Set 14:46 15:22</p> <p>Rise -- --</p> <p>1</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 0:39 0:05</p> <p>Set 15:27 15:55</p> <p>Sunrise 6:57 7:02</p> <p>Sunset 18:41 18:36</p> <p>Hayden Planetarium opened in New York 75 years ago</p> <p>2</p>
<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 1:51 1:26</p> <p>Set 16:02 16:22</p> <p>3</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 3:06 2:49</p> <p>Set 16:35 16:46</p> <p>4</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 4:21 4:14</p> <p>Set 17:06 17:08</p> <p>5</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 5:36 5:39</p> <p>Set 17:37 17:29</p> <p>6</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 6:52 7:05</p> <p>Set 18:09 17:52</p> <p>New Moon 14:44</p> <p>7</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 8:08 8:31</p> <p>Set 18:44 18:19</p> <p>8</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 9:23 9:55</p> <p>Set 19:24 18:51</p> <p>Sunrise 7:04 7:12</p> <p>Sunset 18:30 18:21</p> <p>9</p>
	<p>Follow Sirius unaided into daylight best for a few mornings near the 6th</p>		<p>Zodiacal light readily visible in E before morning twilight for next two weeks</p>		<p>Draconid meteors (ZHR<10?) likely best on W coast 9 am</p>	
<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 10:35 11:14</p> <p>Set 20:10 19:30</p> <p>10</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 11:41 12:23</p> <p>Set 21:03 20:19</p> <p>11</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 12:38 13:21</p> <p>Set 22:00 21:17</p> <p>12</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 13:26 14:06</p> <p>Set 23:00 22:21</p> <p>13</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 14:07 14:41</p> <p>Set -- 23:29</p> <p>First Quarter 17:27</p> <p>14</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Set 0:01 --</p> <p>Rise 14:41 15:08</p> <p>15</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Set 1:02 0:37</p> <p>Rise 15:10 15:30</p> <p>Sunrise 7:11 7:23</p> <p>Sunset 18:19 18:07</p> <p>16</p>
<p>Very Large Array radio telescope was dedicated 30 years ago</p>	<p>Thanksgiving Day (Canada)</p> <p>Columbus Day (USA)</p>			<p>Lunar X near crater Werner best in W of N. America 11 pm</p>	<p>Lunar Straight Wall visible from all of N. America 7 pm</p>	<p>Fall Astronomy Day</p>
<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Set 2:01 1:44</p> <p>Rise 15:36 15:49</p> <p>17</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Set 3:00 2:50</p> <p>Rise 16:00 16:06</p> <p>18</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Set 3:58 3:55</p> <p>Rise 16:23 16:22</p> <p>19</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Set 4:56 5:01</p> <p>Rise 16:46 16:38</p> <p>20</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Set 5:55 6:07</p> <p>Rise 17:11 16:56</p> <p>21</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Set 6:55 7:15</p> <p>Rise 17:39 17:17</p> <p>Full Moon 21:36</p> <p>22</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Set 7:57 8:25</p> <p>Rise 18:11 17:41</p> <p>Sunrise 7:19 7:35</p> <p>Sunset 18:09 17:53</p> <p>23</p>
				<p>Orionid meteors (ZHR=20) 12 pm</p>	<p>Today's full Moon is the Hunter's Moon</p>	<p>Two shadows on Jupiter visible in N. America except extreme W 9:40 pm</p>
<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Set 9:00 9:34</p> <p>Rise 18:49 18:12</p> <p>24</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Set 10:02 10:42</p> <p>Rise 19:33 18:52</p> <p>25</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Set 11:01 11:43</p> <p>Rise 20:25 19:43</p> <p>26</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Set 11:55 12:37</p> <p>Rise 21:25 20:44</p> <p>27</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Set 12:43 13:20</p> <p>Rise 22:31 21:55</p> <p>28</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Set 13:25 13:56</p> <p>Rise 23:40 23:12</p> <p>29</p>	<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Set 14:01 14:24</p> <p>Rise -- --</p> <p>Last Quarter 8:46</p> <p>Sunrise 7:27 7:46</p> <p>Sunset 18:00 17:40</p> <p>30</p>
	<p>Moon 1.4° S of Pleiades closest toward dawn</p>			<p>Venus in inferior conjunction at 6°S of Sun. Be very careful if attempting</p>		
<p>40°N 50°N</p> <p>Rise 0:51 0:31</p> <p>Set 14:34 14:48</p> <p>31</p>						
<p>Hallowe'en</p> <p>Two shadows on Jupiter visible in all of N. America 12:16 am</p>						




































DECEMBER

Near and Far

From left to right sparkle a series of celestial attractions: the Hyades and Pleiades star clusters, the California Nebula, and the Perseus OB association, displayed against stars, dust, and gas of the Milky Way. Glowing through the fabric of our galaxy, at lower right, is M31, the Andromeda galaxy. At 2.5 million light-years, it is our nearest large galactic neighbour.

Alan Dyer

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
<p>The planets this month</p> <p>Mercury: very low in SW in evening twilight, not observable by mid-month</p> <p>Venus: low in SE in morning twilight</p> <p>Mars: visible with difficulty very low in SW after sunset</p> <p>Jupiter: in S after dark sets in W near midnight</p> <p>Saturn: rises in E after 1 am in S at sunrise</p>	<p>Times in the upper half of the daily boxes are in the 24-hour clock; times in the lower half are given in the 12-hour clock.</p> <p>Eastern time is used, except for rise and set events and changes to/from Daylight Saving Time, which are given in local time. Times for events involving planetary satellites refer to the start time. Detailed instructions on adjusting times for location are given in the back pages.</p> <p>Please see back pages for photo details and additional information about this Calendar.</p>	<p>NOVEMBER S M T W T F S</p> <p>1 2 3 4 5 6</p> <p>7 8 9 10 11 12 13</p> <p>14 15 16 17 18 19 20</p> <p>21 22 23 24 25 26 27</p> <p>28 29 30</p> <p>JANUARY S M T W T F S</p> <p>1</p> <p>2 3 4 5 6 7 8</p> <p>9 10 11 12 13 14 15</p> <p>16 17 18 19 20 21 22</p> <p>23 24 25 26 27 28 29</p> <p>30 31</p>	<p> Rise 40°N 50°N 2:26 2:40 Set 13:36 13:18</p> <p>1</p> <p>Venus, Spica, the Moon and Saturn grouping in morning twilight Mercury at greatest elongation E (21°)</p>	<p> Rise 40°N 50°N 3:38 4:01 Set 14:10 13:44</p> <p>2</p> <p>Venus, Spica, the Moon and Saturn grouping in morning twilight</p>	<p> Rise 40°N 50°N 4:50 5:22 Set 14:50 14:16</p> <p>3</p> <p>Cr. Moon, Venus, Spica and Saturn form crooked line in morning twilight</p>	<p> Rise 40°N 50°N 6:00 6:39 Set 15:36 14:56</p> <p>4</p> <p>Sunrise 7:06 7:41 Sunset 16:35 16:00</p> <p>Venus at greatest illuminated extent (m= -4.6)</p>
<p> Rise 40°N 50°N 7:05 7:48 Set 16:29 15:47 New Moon 12:36</p> <p>5</p>	<p> Rise 40°N 50°N 8:03 8:46 Set 17:28 16:47</p> <p>6</p> <p>Moon 0.9° N of Mars, very low in evening twilight, occulted in zone from Winnipeg to Alabama Cr. Moon likely not visible 5:30 pm</p>	<p> Rise 40°N 50°N 8:53 9:31 Set 18:31 17:53</p> <p>7</p> <p>Islamic New Year Crescent Moon to upper left of Mercury, low in evening twilight</p>	<p> Rise 40°N 50°N 9:34 10:06 Set 19:34 19:03</p> <p>8</p>	<p> Rise 40°N 50°N 10:08 10:34 Set 20:37 20:13</p> <p>9</p> <p>16 Psyche at opposition (m=9.4)</p>	<p> Rise 40°N 50°N 10:37 10:56 Set 21:37 21:21</p> <p>10</p>	<p> Rise 40°N 50°N 11:03 11:15 Set 22:36 22:28</p> <p>11</p> <p>Sunrise 7:12 7:48 Sunset 16:35 15:58</p>
<p> Rise 40°N 50°N 11:27 11:32 Set 23:34 23:33</p> <p>12</p>	<p> Rise 40°N 50°N 11:50 11:48 Set -- -- First Quarter 8:59</p> <p>13</p> <p>Spot Jupiter unaided before sunset 6° below the Moon</p>	<p> Set 40°N 50°N 0:32 0:39 Rise 12:14 12:04</p> <p>14</p> <p>Geminid meteors (ZHR=120) best after moonset 6 am Lunar Straight Wall visible from all of N. America 6 pm</p>	<p> Set 40°N 50°N 1:30 1:45 Rise 12:40 12:23</p> <p>15</p>	<p> Set 40°N 50°N 2:30 2:52 Rise 13:08 12:44</p> <p>16</p>	<p> Set 40°N 50°N 3:32 4:01 Rise 13:41 13:10</p> <p>17</p>	<p> Set 40°N 50°N 4:35 5:11 Rise 14:21 13:44</p> <p>18</p> <p>Sunrise 7:17 7:54 Sunset 16:37 15:59</p> <p>Moon 1.2° S of Pleiades visible most of the night</p>
<p> Set 40°N 50°N 5:38 6:19 Rise 15:08 14:27</p> <p>19</p> <p>Mercury 1 was launched on unmanned test flight 50 years ago</p>	<p> Set 40°N 50°N 6:38 7:20 Rise 16:04 15:22</p> <p>20</p>	<p> Set 40°N 50°N 7:33 8:13 Rise 17:09 16:29 Full Moon 3:13</p> <p>21</p> <p>Total lunar eclipse visible in all of N. America, best in W cluster NGC 2129 occulted during totality 2 am Today's full Moon is the Cold Moon Winter Solstice 6:38 pm</p>	<p> Set 40°N 50°N 8:21 8:56 Rise 18:18 17:45</p> <p>22</p> <p>Ursid meteors (ZHR=10) 3 pm</p>	<p> Set 40°N 50°N 9:02 9:30 Rise 19:31 19:06</p> <p>23</p>	<p> Set 40°N 50°N 9:38 9:57 Rise 20:43 20:28</p> <p>24</p>	<p> Set 40°N 50°N 10:10 10:20 Rise 21:55 21:49</p> <p>25</p> <p>Sunrise 7:20 7:58 Sunset 16:40 16:03</p> <p>Christmas Day Two shadows on Jupiter visible in E of N. America and N Canada 5:45 pm</p>
<p> Set 40°N 50°N 10:39 10:41 Rise 23:06 23:09</p> <p>26</p> <p>Boxing Day (Canada) Two shadows on Jupiter best in E of N. America 8:06 pm</p>	<p> Set 40°N 50°N 11:08 11:02 Rise -- -- Last Quarter 23:18</p> <p>27</p>	<p> Rise 40°N 50°N 0:17 0:29 Set 11:38 11:23</p> <p>28</p>	<p> Rise 40°N 50°N 1:28 1:48 Set 12:11 11:47</p> <p>29</p>	<p> Rise 40°N 50°N 2:38 3:07 Set 12:48 12:16</p> <p>30</p>	<p> Rise 40°N 50°N 3:47 4:24 Set 13:30 12:52</p> <p>31</p> <p>Crescent Moon, Venus, Mercury and Antares in wide grouping in morning twilight</p>	

The Royal Astronomical Society of Canada Observer's Calendar

How to Use this Calendar

A graphical representation of the Moon's appearance in the late evening is given in each daily box. In addition to the varying phase, the depicted size of the Moon varies, reflecting the change in the apparent size of the Moon in the sky as it moves closer to or farther from Earth. The depicted face of the Moon also changes slightly to reflect lunar libration, the rocking motion of the Moon, which means that over time approximately 59% of the lunar surface can be seen from Earth. A small dot of size proportional to the amount of libration appears near the lunar limb that is librated. These daily lunar graphics were prepared using images provided by Roger Fell.

Daily Moon and weekly Sun rise and set times, and the times of Moon phases, are shown in the top portion of the boxes. If no Moon rise or set time is given, this event occurs the next day.

A summary of the naked-eye visibility and position of the planets is given each month. Descriptions are for approximate latitude 45° and unless otherwise stated apply to midmonth; rise and set times at the beginning or end of the month may vary by an hour or more from those given. Times and compass directions may also differ somewhat from the given ones at other latitudes.

Special astronomical events are given at the bottom of the daily boxes. Events observable in some part of Canada or the continental United States are listed. Days on which particularly interesting phenomena or events occur are highlighted with light-green shading. Detailed information on all events, including their visibility from particular locations, may be determined by consulting the Observer's Handbook, which is published annually by the RASC.

Adjustments for Actual Location

When it is in effect, times are adjusted for Daylight Saving Time. Moon phases and special events are given in Eastern time. The user's local time for events other than Moon and Sun rise and set may be determined by converting the given time to the user's time zone (e.g. Pacific time is Eastern time minus 3 hours). For occultations, a further adjustment of an hour or more may be needed for any particular geographical location because of parallax effects. Parallax also means that actual angular separations for events involving the Moon may vary by close to 1° from those given. Also, the Moon's rapid movement of approximately 0.5° per hour means that separations may be considerably larger at a time that is even a few hours away from the given time.

Two sets of rise and set times are given to accommodate North American observers in midnorthern latitudes. Times are displayed for locations 40°N latitude and 75°W longitude and for 50°N, 75°W. The actual times for a given location must be calculated using the tables at the right.

The tables give (longitude) corrections in minutes to the tabulated rise and set times for selected Canadian and U.S. cities. In the column labeled **Correction**, an entry such as 50°N + 25 means add 25 minutes to the displayed 50°N time. This computed time is an approximation. In the column labeled **Accuracy**, the approximate maximum error in minutes for Moon rise and set using this method is indicated. The error for Sun rise and set is less. These errors can be substantially reduced by interpolating according to latitude, as explained in the following section.

Note that the rise and set times calculated using the above method will be local times. It is not necessary to adjust them for time zone.

Canadian Locations

City	Correction	Accuracy	Latitude
Calgary	50°N + 36	15	51
Charlottetown	40°N + 12	20	46
Edmonton	50°N + 34	25	54
Halifax	40°N + 14	25	45
Hamilton	40°N + 20	15	43
Kingston	40°N + 6	20	44
Kitchener	40°N + 22	15	43
London	40°N + 25	15	43
Moncton	40°N + 19	20	46
Montreal	50°N - 6	20	46
Niagara	40°N + 16	15	43
Kelowna	50°N - 3	10	50
Ottawa	50°N + 3	20	45
Prince George	50°N + 11	25	54
Quebec	50°N - 15	15	47
Regina	50°N + 58 ⁽¹⁾	10	50
St. John's	50°N + 1	20	48
Sarnia	40°N + 30	15	43
Saskatoon	50°N + 67 ⁽¹⁾	15	52
Thunder Bay	50°N + 57	10	48
Toronto	40°N + 18	20	44
Vancouver	50°N + 12	15	49
Victoria	50°N + 13	20	49
Windsor	40°N + 32	15	42
Winnipeg	50°N + 29	5	50

U.S. Locations

City	Correction	Accuracy	Latitude
Atlanta	40°N + 37	30	34
Boston	40°N - 16	10	42
Chicago	40°N - 10	15	42
Cincinnati	40°N + 38	10	39
Denver	40°N + 0	10	40
Flagstaff	40°N + 27 ⁽¹⁾	30	35
Kansas City	40°N + 18	10	39
Los Angeles	40°N - 7	35	34
Minneapolis	40°N + 13	25	45
New York	40°N - 4	5	41
San Francisco	40°N + 10	20	38
Seattle	50°N + 9	20	48
Tucson	40°N + 24 ⁽¹⁾	40	32
Washington	40°N + 8	5	39

⁽¹⁾ Subtract 60 minutes in the summer.

Other Locations, and Improving Accuracy

For locations not listed in the tables to the left, the user should calculate a correction factor. This amount is +4 minutes for each degree that the user's location is west of the central meridian of the user's time zone or -4 minutes for each degree that it is east. This correction factor should be added to the displayed 50°N or 40°N time for the location whose latitude is nearest that of the user's site. The accuracy in minutes for Moon rise and set can be calculated by multiplying the difference between the user's latitude and 50°N/40°N respectively by 4.5, and then adding 0.2 times the difference between the user's longitude and 75°W.

Improvement in accuracy may be obtained for many sites by interpolating or extrapolating the 50°N and 40°N times depending on the user's latitude. For example, the latitude of Ottawa is approximately midway between 50°N and 40°N. An observer in Ottawa can improve accuracy to better than 5 minutes by averaging the given 50°N and 40°N times and then adding the correction factor for Ottawa, which is 3 minutes. Western observers may gain additional accuracy by adding about 10% of the difference between the listed time and the next day's time.

The Royal Astronomical Society of Canada

Since it was founded in 1890, the RASC has filled a special role in both amateur and professional astronomy. Today, it has over 4000 members worldwide who share a passion for the night sky and make contributions to astronomy in many ways.

The RASC has a long tradition of high-quality, volunteer-produced publications. The Observer's Handbook has been published since 1907 and is recognized worldwide as the leading handbook of its type. The Journal, also published since 1907, contains articles of interest to amateur astronomers. The Beginner's Observing Guide is an introduction to the night sky for the novice observer, the Observer's Calendar is a forum for astrophotography by amateur astronomers, and Skyways (available in French as "Explorons l'Astronomie") is a astronomy teacher's guide.

For information on joining the Society, or to order an RASC publication, visit www.rasc.ca or contact the national office at:

203-4920 Dundas Street West
 Toronto ON M9A 1B7
 Canada
 Phone: 416- 924-7973
 Email: nationaloffice@rasc.ca

The Photos and the Calendar

Details on the photos are given below and to the right. Monthly grids were mostly generated using custom software written in the Fortran and PostScript programming languages and kindly provided to the editor by **Dr. Rajiv Gupta**. Some minor modifications to this software were made by the editor. Additional software written by both editors was also used.

Editors

Dave Lane (calendareditor@rasc.ca)
Alister Ling

Production

Brian G. Segal, Redgull Incorporated

Images

Roy Bishop
Stefano Cancelli
Alan Dyer
Stuart Heggie
Kerry-Ann Lecky Hepburn
Les Marczl
Paul Mortfield
Jack Newton
Pierre Tremblay
Mike Wirths

Captions

Mary Lou Whitehorne

Historical Anniversaries

Diane Brooks
David Chapman

Proofreading

James Edgar
Bruce McCurdy



Cover/August (Graceful Sweep of Gas): A false-colour composite image made from 3.5 hours of exposure through an Astrodon H-alpha filter and 1.5 hours of exposure through an Astrodon OIII filter on an Apogee U9000 CCD camera using an RCOS 16-inch f/8.9 telescope; processed with CCAAP, CCD Stack, MaxIm DL and Photoshop CS3 software; taken during 2008 July from the Sierra Remote Observatories, California (Paul Mortfield and Stefano Cancelli).



January (Dark Horse): A composite image made from exposures in luminance, H-alpha, red, green and blue filters on an SBIG STL-11000 CCD camera using a Takahashi FSQ106 ED telescope (focal length of 530-mm) taken on 2008 November 24 remotely using "Global Rent-a-Scope" located in Cloudcroft, New Mexico (Pierre Tremblay).

February ("Magnificent Desolation"): A stack of 190 frames taken on a Lumenera Infinity 2-2 video camera using a Starmaster 18-inch driven Dobsonian telescope plus a Tele Vue 2.5X Powermate with a True Tech R/IR filter; processed with Registax 4 and Photoshop CS software; taken on 2008 October 18 from Baha Mexico (Mike Wirths).

March (Stellar Symphony): A composite image made from 3.1 hours of total exposure time through Astrodon LRGB filters on an Apogee U16M CCD camera using a Ceravolo 300 Astrograph working at f/4.9; processed with MaxIm DL, Registrar and Photoshop CS2 software; taken at Sunnglow Ranch, Arizona (Debra and Peter Ceravolo).

April (Earth's Greatest Tidal Range): A 1/40-second exposure (ISO 100 setting) on a Canon XTi DSLR camera using a 300-mm lens at f/8; taken on 2008 November 13 during evening twilight from Evangeline Beach, Nova Scotia (Roy Bishop).

May (Dazzling Star Swirl): A composite image made from over nineteen hours of total exposure time using two telescopes located in Grimsby and Toronto, Ontario. A Celestron C6 at f/10 with a QHY-8 one-shot colour CCD camera and a Vixen VC200L at f/9 with an SBIG ST10XME CCD camera were used (Stefano Cancelli and Kerry-Ann Lecky Hepburn).

June (Glittering Galactic Fossils): A composite image made from nearly four hours of total exposure time through Astrodon LRGB filters on an SBIG ST10XME CCD camera using a Vixen VC200L f/9 telescope; taken on 2008 May 17 and 25 from Toronto, Ontario (Stefano Cancelli).

July (Star Maker): A composite image made from eight 10-minute exposures on a Hutech-modified Canon DSLR camera using a BORG 77-mm Astrograph at f/4; processed with MaxIm DL and Photoshop CS3 software; taken on 2008 November 5 from the Arizona Sky Village (Jack Newton).

September (Cosmic Continent): A composite image made from 47 72-second exposures on a Hutech-modified Canon 300-D DSLR camera using a Canon 200-mm L series lens set at f/3.5; processed with Deep Sky Stacker, Images Plus, and Photoshop CS3 software; taken on 2008 June 7 from Wellandport's Chippawa Creek Conservation Area, Ontario (Leslie Marczl).

October (Swimming in Stars): A composite image made from a total exposure of 2.5 hours (60 minutes in H-alpha and 25 minutes in each of red, green and blue filters - all filters were from the Astronomik HaRGB set) on an SBIG STL11000 CCD camera using a Takahashi FSQ f/5 Astrograph; processed with CCDSoft5, MaxIm DL, Photoshop CS2; taken on 2008 August 1 from Flesherston, Ontario (Stuart Heggie).

November (Tale of Two Tails): A composite image made from eight 4-minute exposures on a QHY-8 one-shot colour CCD camera using a Meade 14-inch f/2 Hyperstar telescope; processed with MaxIm DL and Photoshop CS3 software; taken on 2009 February 21 from the Arizona Sky Village (Jack Newton).

December (Near and Far): A composite image made from four 10-minute exposures on a Canon 20Da DSLR camera using a Canon 15-mm lens set at f/4.5; taken on 2009 January 18 from rural Alberta (Alan Dyer).

2010

January	February	March
S M T W T F S	S M T W T F S	S M T W T F S
3 4 5 6 7 8 9	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6
10 11 12 13 14 15 16	7 8 9 10 11 12 13	7 8 9 10 11 12 13
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	14 15 16 17 18 19 20	14 15 16 17 18 19 20
24 25 26 27 28 29 30	21 22 23 24 25 26 27	21 22 23 24 25 26 27
31	28	28 29 30 31
April	May	June
S M T W T F S	S M T W T F S	S M T W T F S
1 2 3	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	1 2 3 4 5
4 5 6 7 8 9 10	8 9 10 11 12 13 14	6 7 8 9 10 11 12
11 12 13 14 15 16 17	9 10 11 12 13 14 15	13 14 15 16 17 18 19
18 19 20 21 22 23 24	16 17 18 19 20 21 22	20 21 22 23 24 25 26
25 26 27 28 29 30	23 24 25 26 27 28 29	27 28 29 30
31	30 31	
July	August	September
S M T W T F S	S M T W T F S	S M T W T F S
1 2 3	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	1 2 3 4
4 5 6 7 8 9 10	8 9 10 11 12 13 14	5 6 7 8 9 10 11
11 12 13 14 15 16 17	15 16 17 18 19 20 21	12 13 14 15 16 17 18
18 19 20 21 22 23 24	22 23 24 25 26 27 28	19 20 21 22 23 24 25
25 26 27 28 29 30 31	29 30 31	26 27 28 29 30
October	November	December
S M T W T F S	S M T W T F S	S M T W T F S
1 2 3	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4
3 4 5 6 7 8 9	7 8 9 10 11 12 13	5 6 7 8 9 10 11
10 11 12 13 14 15 16	14 15 16 17 18 19 20	12 13 14 15 16 17 18
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	21 22 23 24 25 26 27	19 20 21 22 23 24 25
24 25 26 27 28 29 30	28 29 30	26 27 28 29 30 31
31		

2011

January	February	March
S M T W T F S	S M T W T F S	S M T W T F S
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3 4 5
9 10 11 12 13 14 15	6 7 8 9 10 11 12	6 7 8 9 10 11 12
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	13 14 15 16 17 18 19	13 14 15 16 17 18 19
23 24 25 26 27 28 29	20 21 22 23 24 25 26	20 21 22 23 24 25 26
30 31	27 28	27 28 29 30 31
April	May	June
S M T W T F S	S M T W T F S	S M T W T F S
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	1 2 3 4
10 11 12 13 14 15 16	8 9 10 11 12 13 14	5 6 7 8 9 10 11
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	15 16 17 18 19 20 21	12 13 14 15 16 17 18
24 25 26 27 28 29 30	22 23 24 25 26 27 28	19 20 21 22 23 24 25
	29 30 31	26 27 28 29 30
July	August	September
S M T W T F S	S M T W T F S	S M T W T F S
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3
10 11 12 13 14 15 16	7 8 9 10 11 12 13	4 5 6 7 8 9 10
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	14 15 16 17 18 19 20	11 12 13 14 15 16 17
24 25 26 27 28 29 30	21 22 23 24 25 26 27	18 19 20 21 22 23 24
	28 29 30 31	25 26 27 28 29 30
October	November	December
S M T W T F S	S M T W T F S	S M T W T F S
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	1 2 3 4 5	1 2 3
10 11 12 13 14 15 16	6 7 8 9 10 11 12	4 5 6 7 8 9 10
17 18 19 20 21 22 23	13 14 15 16 17 18 19	11 12 13 14 15 16 17
24 25 26 27 28 29 30	20 21 22 23 24 25 26	18 19 20 21 22 23 24
	27 28 29 30	25 26 27 28 29 30 31


New Moon dates are displayed in **bold**.

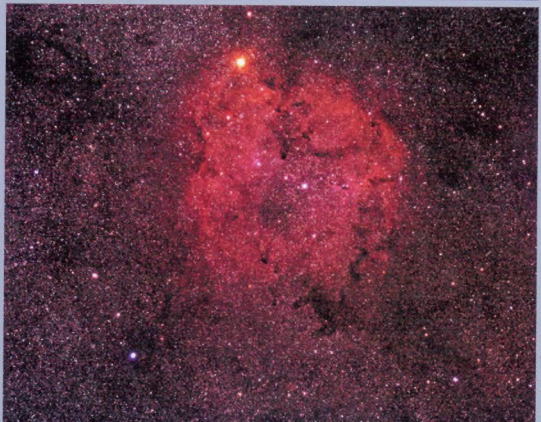


All photos in this unique Calendar were taken by members of the Royal Astronomical Society of Canada (RASC) who are amateur astronomers using readily available telescopes and cameras. It was produced by volunteer members of the Royal Astronomical Society of Canada.

This Calendar includes comprehensive listings of astronomical data such as lunar and planetary conjunctions, Sun and Moon rise and set times, eclipses, meteor showers, and Moon phases.



7.0) hive (M44)		Lunar X near crater Werner best in W of N. America Venus 1° to right of Beehive (M44) low in evening twilight for N Canada, a challenge	3 am
0°N 3:47 0:54	25	 Set 5:30 4:47 Rise 20:55 21:34 Full Moon 7:30 Sunrise 5:33 4:52 Sunset 20:33 21:13	26
1.9)		Partial lunar eclipse near dawn, except penumbral only from E of line Winnipeg-Georgia Today's full Moon is the Honey Moon	



Edited by
Dave Lane and Alister Ling

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